L3-PHYSR





# **Level 3 Physics 2022**

RESOURCE BOOKLET for 91523, 91524, and 91526

Refer to this booklet to answer the questions in your Question and Answer Booklets.

Check that this booklet has pages 2–3 in the correct order and that none of these pages is blank.

YOU MAY KEEP THIS BOOKLET AT THE END OF THE EXAMINATION.

You may find the following data and formulae useful.

#### 91523 Demonstrate understanding of wave systems

$$d\sin\theta = n\lambda$$

$$n\lambda = \frac{dx}{L}$$

$$f' = f \frac{v_{\text{w}}}{v_{\text{w}} \pm v_{\text{s}}} \qquad v = f\lambda$$

$$v = f\lambda$$

$$f = \frac{1}{T}$$

## 91524 Demonstrate understanding of mechanical systems

$$F = ma$$

$$p = mv$$

$$\Delta p = F \Delta t$$

$$\Delta E_{p} = mg\Delta h$$

$$W = Fd$$

$$E_{\text{K(LIN)}} = \frac{1}{2} m v^2$$

$$E_{\text{\tiny K(LIN)}} = \frac{1}{2} m v^2$$
  $x_{\text{\tiny COM}} = \frac{m_{_1} x_{_1} + m_{_2} x_{_2}}{m_{_1} + m_{_2}}$ 

$$d = r\theta$$

$$v = r\omega$$

$$a = r\alpha$$

$$\omega = \frac{\Delta \theta}{\Delta t}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{\Delta\omega}{\Delta t}$$

$$\omega = 2\pi f$$

$$f = \frac{1}{T}$$

$$E_{\text{\tiny K(ROT)}} = \frac{1}{2}I\omega^2$$

$$\omega_{\rm f} = \omega_{\rm i} + \alpha t$$

$$\theta = \frac{\omega_{\rm f} + \omega_{\rm i}}{2} t$$

$$\omega_{\rm f}^2 = \omega_{\rm i}^2 + 2\alpha\theta$$

$$\theta = \omega_{i}t + \frac{1}{2}\alpha t^{2}$$

$$\tau = I\alpha$$

$$\tau = Fr$$

$$L = mvr$$

$$\theta = \omega_{\rm f} t - \frac{1}{2} \alpha t^2$$

$$F_{\rm g} = \frac{GMm}{r^2}$$

$$F_{c} = \frac{mv^{2}}{r}$$

$$L = I\omega$$

$$F = -ky$$

$$E_{\rm p} = \frac{1}{2}ky^2$$

$$T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{l}{g}}$$

$$T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{m}{k}}$$

$$y = A \sin \omega t$$

$$v = A\omega \cos \omega t$$

$$a = -A\omega^2 \sin \omega t$$

$$a = -\omega^2 v$$

$$y = A\cos\omega t$$

$$v = -A\omega \sin \omega t$$

$$a = -A\omega^2 \cos \omega t$$

## 91526 Demonstrate understanding of electrical systems

$$V = Ed \qquad \Delta E = Vq \qquad E = \frac{1}{2}QV \qquad Q = CV$$

$$C = \frac{\varepsilon_o \varepsilon_r A}{d} \qquad C_{\rm T} = C_1 + C_2 + \dots \qquad \frac{1}{C_{\rm T}} = \frac{1}{C_1} + \frac{1}{C_2} + \dots \qquad \tau = RC$$

$$R_{\rm T} = R_1 + R_2 + \dots \qquad \frac{1}{R_{\rm T}} = \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + \dots \qquad V = IR \qquad P = VI$$

$$\phi = BA \qquad \varepsilon = -L\frac{\Delta I}{\Delta t} \qquad \varepsilon = -\frac{\Delta \phi}{\Delta t} \qquad f_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{LC}}$$

$$\frac{N_p}{N_s} = \frac{V_p}{V_s} \qquad E = \frac{1}{2}LI^2 \qquad \tau = \frac{L}{R} \qquad I = I_{\rm MAX} \sin \omega t$$

$$V = V_{\rm MAX} \sin \omega t \qquad I_{\rm MAX} = \sqrt{2} I_{\rm rms} \qquad V_{\rm MAX} = \sqrt{2} V_{\rm rms} \qquad X_C = \frac{1}{\omega C}$$

$$X_L = \omega L \qquad V = IZ \qquad \omega = 2\pi f \qquad f = \frac{1}{T}$$

#### Useful data

Speed of light	$= 3.00 \times 10^8 \text{ m s}^{-1}$
Charge on the electron	$=-1.60\times10^{-19}$ C
Acceleration due to gravity on Earth	$= 9.81 \text{ m s}^{-2}$
Permittivity of free space	$= 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ F m}^{-1}$
Universal gravitational constant	$=6.67\times10^{-11} \text{ N m}^2 \text{ kg}^{-2}$