

Title	Describe the impact of post-colonisation and its effects on te ao Māori		
Level	3	Credits	4

Purpose	People credited with this unit standard are able to describe the impact of post-colonisation and its effects on te ao Māori.
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Classification	Tikanga > Tikanga Issues
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Available grade	Achieved
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Guidance Information

- 1 Tikanga
Tikanga are values, principles, processes, and practices exercised by Māori in their daily lives. These reflect the concepts upon which they are based and provide guidelines for appropriate behaviour and conduct in Māori society. They also prescribe consequences for any breaches or when tikanga is not followed. They can be particular to rohe, hāpori, marae, whānau, hapū and/or iwi.
- 2 The basic principles underpinning tikanga are common, but while there are some constants, the details of performance of tikanga, and their explanation, may differ. These differences may be at a rohe, hāpori, marae, whānau, hapū, iwi level. The context of the learning should include the tikanga of the local mana whenua (if capable) but learning others' tikanga is also encouraged. This is in order to enrich and enhance understanding, knowledge and practice of tikanga, and the associated reo.
- 3 Definitions
Ngā kōrero tuku iho are Māori stories, or histories, which provide a basis or rationale for Māori belief systems and tikanga. They may be found in Māori oral traditions (such as pūrākau, pakiwaitara, whakapapa, waiata, karanga, or whaikōrero) or in written works. They may also be particular to a marae, whānau, hapū, or iwi; and are often revered as treasured accounts to be passed down the generations.
Post-colonisation refers to the period of colonial rule in New Zealand post-1863.

Outcomes and performance criteria

Outcome 1

Describe the impact of post-colonisation on te ao Māori.

Range description is in accordance with ngā kōrero tuku iho.

Performance criteria

- 1.1 Rural to urban migration is described.
- 1.2 Whānau interaction and support are described.
- 1.3 Land ownership is described.
 Range may include but is not limited to – land confiscation, land alienation, collective ownership, land trusts/incorporations, succession; evidence of two is required.

Outcome 2

Describe the effects of post-colonisation on te ao Māori.

Range description is in accordance with ngā kōrero tuku iho.

Performance criteria

- 2.1 Reasons for, and outcomes of, rural to urban migration are described.
- 2.2 Reasons for, and outcomes of, whānau interaction and support are described.
- 2.3 Reasons for, and outcomes of, land ownership are described.
 Range may include but is not limited to – land confiscation, land alienation, collective ownership, land trusts/incorporations, succession; evidence of two is required.

Replacement Information	This unit standard replaced unit standard 16187.
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Planned review date	31 December 2027
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Status information and last date for assessment for superseded versions

Process	Version	Date	Last Date for Assessment
Registration	1	17 December 2010	31 December 2018
Review	2	21 January 2016	31 December 2019
Review	3	25 January 2018	31 December 2024
Review	4	27 October 2022	N/A

Consent and Moderation Requirements (CMR) reference	0226
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This CMR can be accessed at <http://www.nzqa.govt.nz/framework/search/index.do>.

Comments on this unit standard

Please contact NZQA Māori Qualifications Services mqs@nzqa.govt.nz if you wish to suggest changes to the content of this unit standard.