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Level 3 Earth and Space Science, 2015

91414 Demonstrate understanding of processes in the atmosphere system

9.30 a.m. Tuesday 24 November 2015
Credits: Four

Achievement	Achievement with Merit	Achievement with Excellence
Demonstrate understanding of processes in the atmosphere system.	Demonstrate in-depth understanding of processes in the atmosphere system.	Demonstrate comprehensive understanding of processes in the atmosphere system.

Check that the National Student Number (NSN) on your admission slip is the same as the number at the top of this page.

You should attempt ALL the questions in this booklet.

If you need more room for any answer, use the extra space provided at the back of this booklet and clearly number the question.

Check that this booklet has pages 2–12 in the correct order and that none of these pages is blank.

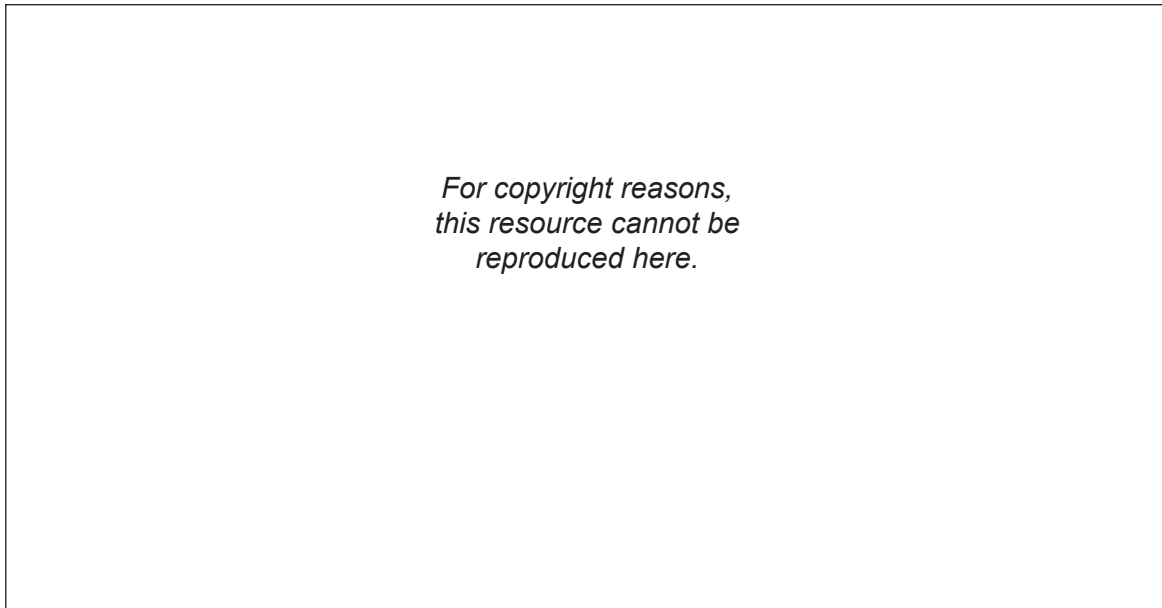
YOU MUST HAND THIS BOOKLET TO THE SUPERVISOR AT THE END OF THE EXAMINATION.

TOTAL

ASSESSOR'S USE ONLY

QUESTION ONE: WIND BELTS

Two of the wind belts are the trade winds and the polar easterlies.



<https://www.superteachertools.net/jeopardyx/uploads/20140611/prevailingwinds.jpg>

Compare and contrast the processes involved in the formation of the trade winds and polar easterlies.

Your answer should include:

- an explanation of how temperature and pressure gradients cause winds
- an explanation of the Coriolis effect on trade winds and polar easterlies
- a discussion of the reasons for the similarities and differences in the formation of the trade winds and the polar easterlies.

A fully annotated diagram will help to support your answer.

A large empty rectangular box with a thin black border, intended for the student to write their answer and include a diagram.

QUESTION THREE: CONVECTION CELLS AND THE GLOBAL DISTRIBUTION OF HEATASSESSOR'S
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Polar and Hadley cells are closed convection loops. The Ferrel cell is a result of the other two cells interacting.

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<http://s.hswstatic.com/gif/weather-global-circulation.jpg>

Describe the three atmospheric convection cells: Polar, Hadley and Ferrel, and explain how they interact to transport energy around the globe.

A fully annotated diagram will help to support your answer.

