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91173



Draw a cross through the box (\boxtimes) if you have NOT written in this booklet



Mana Tohu Mātauranga o Aotearoa New Zealand Qualifications Authority

Level 2 Physics 2025

91173 Demonstrate understanding of electricity and electromagnetism

Credits: Six

Achievement	Achievement with Merit	Achievement with Excellence
Demonstrate understanding of electricity and electromagnetism.	Demonstrate in-depth understanding of electricity and electromagnetism.	Demonstrate comprehensive understanding of electricity and electromagnetism.

Check that the National Student Number (NSN) on your admission slip is the same as the number at the top of this page.

You should attempt ALL the questions in this booklet.

Make sure that you have Resource Sheet L2-PHYSR.

In your answers use clear numerical working, words, and/or diagrams as required.

Numerical answers should be given with an appropriate SI unit.

If you need more room for any answer, use the extra space provided at the back of this booklet.

Check that this booklet has pages 2–16 in the correct order and that none of these pages is blank.

Do not write in the margins (﴿﴿ ﴿ ﴿ ﴾). This area will be cut off when the booklet is marked.

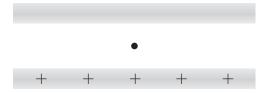
YOU MUST HAND THIS BOOKLET TO THE SUPERVISOR AT THE END OF THE EXAMINATION.

QUESTION ONE: ELECTRIC FIELDS

he plates are 1.00 mm apart.	es to aim electrically charged ink droplets at the paper.
Adapted from: https://pressbooks.online.ucf.edu/	/osuniversityphysics2/chapter/applications-of-electrostatics/
Draw the field lines between the electric p	plates and the charge of the top plate.
	If you need to redraw your response, use the diagram on page 11.
+ +	+ + + +
Calculate the voltage across the plates wh subjected to a force of 9.60×10^{-4} N.	ten an ink droplet with a charge of 4.80×10^{-10} C is

(c)	The voltage across the plates is changed to 4000 V.
	An ink droplet of mass 1.02×10^{-11} kg, carrying 4.00×10^9 excess electrons is released from the negative plate.
	Calculate its velocity as it reaches the positive plate.

(d) A charged ink droplet is held stationary between the two charged parallel	el plates.
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Discuss how it is possible for the ink droplet to be stationary between the plates. In your answer:

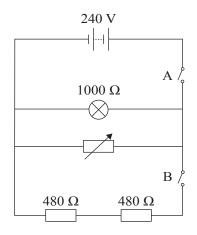
- identify the forces on the ink droplet and their directions
- describe how the forces combine to keep the ink droplet stationary

•	expla	in wl	nat ty	pe o	f c	harge	the	ink	dro	ple	t mus	thave	to	remain	stati	onar	y.

QUESTION TWO: CIRCUITS

An air fryer consists of a heating element, two fans, and a lamp.

In the diagram below, the heating element is represented by a rheostat, and the two identical fans are represented by the resistors.





Source: https://instantpot.com/products/instant-vortex-5-7-quart-air-fryer

Initially switch A is closed and switch B is open, so the element and lamp are on, and the fans off.

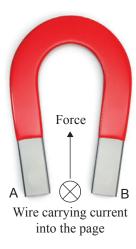
(a)	Calculate the current in the lamp.
(b)	Use physics principles to explain what adjustment would need to be made to the rheestat's
(b)	Use physics principles to explain what adjustment would need to be made to the rheostat's resistance to increase the power output of the element.

it pi	oduces 1800 W.	
(i)	Show the resistance of the element is 32 Ω .	1000 Ω
		480 Ω 480 Ω
(ii)	Calculate how many coulombs of charge are produced by the p	power supply in 5 min

Use physics principles to explain what effect the lamp not working would have on the current the circuit and the power output of the element.
Effect on current in the circuit:
Effect on power output of the element:
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QUESTION THREE: MAGNETS

A current-carrying wire is placed between the poles of a horseshoe magnet so that the current crosses the magnetic field at right angles. This creates a force on the wire in the direction shown.



(a)	Which of the poles	labelled A and B	in the diagram	above is the north pole?

(b) The diagram shows the main features of an electric motor with 40 turns of wire in the coil. The arrow on the diagram shows the 15 N of force acting on the whole side AB when a current flows in the coil.



Adapted from: https://pmt.physicsandmathstutor.com/download/Physics/GCSE/Topic-Qs/OCR-B/3-Electric-Circuits/Set-A/P3.6%20How%20do%20electric%20motors%20work%20%28H%20only%29.pdf

i)	In which direction is the current flowing in the coil?
ii)	State the size and direction of the force on:
	side CD
	side BC
iii)	Use physics principles to explain the differences in the forces in part (ii).

Question Three continues on the next page.

	 By removing the voltage source, the motor is turned into a generator. (i) Calculate the speed with which the side AB must be moving to generate a maximum 	oving the voltage source, the motor is turned into a generator. Calculate the speed with which the side AB must be moving to generate a maximum of
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12 volts in the entire coil of 40 turns of wire.	12 volts in the entire coil of 40 turns of wire.	2 volts in the entire coil of 40 turns of wire.

maximum voltage.			

SPARE DIAGRAM

If you need to redraw your response to Question One (a), use the diagram below. Make sure it is clear which answer you want marked.



NUMBER	L		
NOMBER			

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