No part of the candidate's evidence in this exemplar material may be presented in an external assessment for the purpose of gaining an NZQA qualification or award. SUPERVISOR'S USE ONLY

91212



if you have NOT written in this booklet



Mana Tohu Mātauranga o Aotearoa New Zealand Qualifications Authority

# Level 2 Dance 2023

# 91212 Demonstrate understanding of a dance genre or style in context

Credits: Four

| Achievement   | Achievement with Merit   | Achievement with Excellence   |
|---|--|---|
| Demonstrate understanding of a dance genre or style in context. | Demonstrate in-depth understanding of a dance genre or style in context. | Demonstrate comprehensive<br>understanding of a dance genre or style<br>in context. |

Check that the National Student Number (NSN) on your admission slip is the same as the number at the top of this page.

#### There are four questions in this booklet. You should attempt only THREE questions.

Your sketched and written answers must be completed in pen.

If you need more room for any answer, use the extra space provided at the back of this booklet.

Check that this booklet has pages 2–16 in the correct order and that none of these pages is blank.

Do not write in any cross-hatched area ( the interval area will be cut off when the booklet is marked.

### YOU MUST HAND THIS BOOKLET TO THE SUPERVISOR AT THE END OF THE EXAMINATION.

#### INSTRUCTIONS

Answer any THREE of the four questions in this booklet, using the same dance genre or style for each question. Write the name of your chosen dance genre or style in the box below.

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Do not repeat information in your answers to different questions.

Dance genre or style: Tap Dance

|   | NOTES  |  |
|---|--|--|
| QUESTION ONE: Impor<br>Shuffle<br>Drum Roll |  |  |
| QUESTION TWO: Cloth                         | ing  |  |
|   |  |  |
| QUESTION THREE: His<br>Atlantic Slave       | Storical context<br>Trades (16+-18+ Century) |  |
| Droms Abolished                             | t in 1739                                    |  |
|   |  |  |
| QUESTION FOUR: Part<br>Bill "Bargles"       | icipants and/or audiences                    |  |
|   |  |  |

如何,如此如何,如此如何,如此有不可能。""你是一个,不是有不可能。""你是是一个,不是有一个,你有一个,你有一个,你不可能。""你是一个,你不会不可能。""你是一个,你不是一个,你不会不是一个,你不会不是一个,你不会不是

#### QUESTION ONE: Important movement(s)

Why have key movement(s) become important to your chosen dance genre or style? Give specific examples to support your response.

Two foundational movements in Tap dance are the shuffle and drumroll. The shuffle consists of the swinging motion of your knee as your leg swings and back and forth a tapping the floor each lightly using the ball of your foot. This simple movement was created in the 18th century to symbolize the hours that slaves would have to work during long Stagestes mit out were conquined 402 the slaves feet. tantic Slave Trades. Seeing as they were working long hours in the Perform sandy fields, they would enable the same unoversent to dust the sand off their feet. The shuffle is man popularize et movement of that is to og har first 100 mimics this action to acknowledge the history behind Tap dance. Similarly, the drumroll is also a foundational movement that reflects the history of the Atlantic Slave Trades. The movement includes the a c shift change as you go onto get the balls of your feet one at a time, and then repeating the same rhythm as you go back down onto a flat base one at a time, creating a minicing a drumroll beat. This move was also created in the 18th century and symbolizes the important event of when drums were abolished. Slaves at the time had to create beats with their body as an alternative the so by reflecting this through these movements, we acknowledge the history that has brought us this style of dance. These two movements

they have become important to Tap as 44 Shows a deeper meaning. Mor These movements reflect the history of Tap and therefore keeps the past we are passionate when alive. It is important, terrenownerelow about something, to know where it comes from which is why these two movements are important.

Sketch in the space below if you want to illustrate any part of your answer to Question One. Label the sketch(es) to explain the point(s) you are making.

Shuffle swinging of the 109 E Dance 91212, 2023

#### **QUESTION THREE: Historical context**

How has a historical event, person, or group influenced your chosen dance genre or style, and why? Give specific examples to support your response.

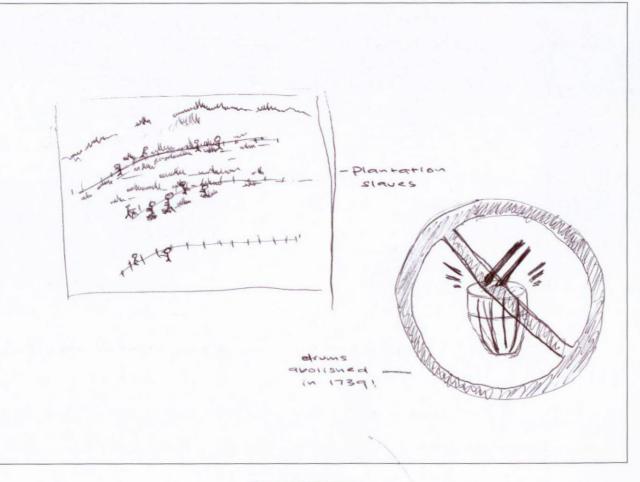
8

| Tap can be traced back to the 16th century during the  |
|--|
| Atlantic Slave Trades. As African people were being  |
| transported to America, they were Joined with Irish and police   |
| British people to work on plantation fields. Africans  |
| would retain their culture by creating dances and  |
| using drums to communicate. However, drums ber were  |
| abolished in 1739 due to the fear of slave uprisings.  |
| Slaves, therefore, found a way to create rhythm  |
| through the use of tambourines, bones and "Pattin"   |
| Juba" which is a way of creating sound through   |
| body percussion such as clapping, stomping and   |
| thigh slapping. Blangersback breeks; Unish Bridish   |
| and Abrilding us and wand and it ager war as ing   |
| seeing as  |
| This is a very big aspect of Tap dance as the the  |
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The Atlantic Slave Trades is an important historical seeing that has influenced there event Tap geore as it is the dance genre began where and was inspired Obstructures Partin' Juba has from. grown we still what we know Tap as today and into see that in the modernized style when we reflect Loase certain our movementice to the torse. actionstease and around this event.

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Sketch in the space below if you want to illustrate any part of your answer to Question Three. Label the sketch(es) to explain the point(s) you are making.



#### **QUESTION FOUR:** Participants and/or audiences

How have changing participants and/or audiences influenced your chosen dance genre or style, and why? You may discuss changes such as:

popularity

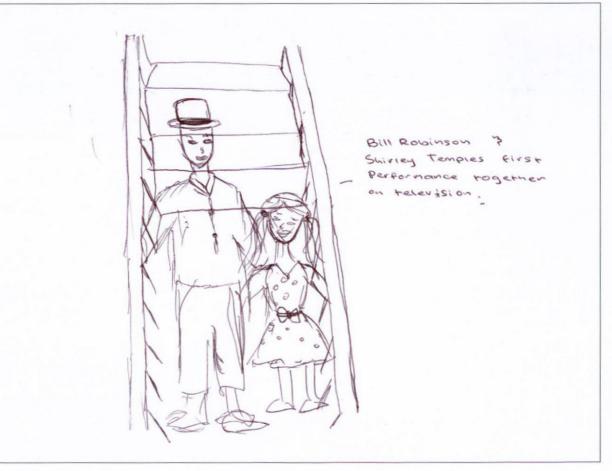
- technology
- social or cultural norms.

Give specific examples to support your response.

Bill "Bosangles" Robinson is a key pioneer of the Tap genve seeing as he brought the onto it's toes meaning he made the style much more light and swaying. Bosangles its was an American dancer, actor and singer the first half of the twentieth century, also the most highly paid black American was performer. Bill "Bosangles" has performed in all shows including minstrel shows, vaudeville, Broadway, Musical theatre and live television. the manual and wing Basana Menna By performing a popularized al Stair dance, he had durastically changed the way Tap was performed by going from a heavyweight, propagate on-beat style to a more light, a rhythmic style as he performs dances on the balls of his feet. Herbadrassoneranged the sociationaneothoriation in the early 19th century, he had also changed the social and cultural norms as he had overcome numerous vacial barriers and, therefore, made a pathway for other black performers, An example of this is when Bosangles became the first ever black man to perform alongside a white performer, Shirley Temple, on live television, in 1978. This had changed the perspective of the many viewers as it had become normalised soon after appearance. Bill "Bosangles" Robinson's change

the Tap industry has influenced the style as he had in single- handedly changed the way its performed, and has allowed many other black performers to succeed the dancing industry Just like him.

Sketch in the space below if you want to illustrate any part of your answer to Question Four. Label the sketch(es) to explain the point(s) you are making.



## Merit

Subject: Dance

Standard: 91212

Total score: 17

| Q     | Grade<br>score | Marker commentary   |
|-------|----------------|---|
| One   | M6             | The candidate has clearly explained, in detail, the relationship between key movement(s) and/or embellishments and its importance to the chosen dance genre or style. The evidence included clearly supported the response.                                     |
|       |                | The candidate clearly and accurately explained the key movements (shuffle<br>and drumroll), with details of the historical origins of the step. A clear<br>connection was made, with in-depth understanding of how the key<br>movements link to Tap as a genre. |
|       |                | Further development of the link between the movement and genre development, to show a perceptive understanding, is needed for Excellence.   |
| Three | M5             | The candidate explained the relationship between the historical context and how this may have influenced the chosen dance genre or style. Some supportive evidence was provided.  |
|       |                | The historical context (slave trade) and its influence/impact on Tap were identified. Explanations were given to show further development of the original historical context, including more recent influences, such as William Henry Lane.                     |
|       |                | To gain M6, the candidate would need to explain in more detail William Henry Lane's connection to the slave trade and/or his steps, specifically to show how it evolved from slapping/body percussion, etc, into Tap as we know it.                             |
| Four  | M6             | The candidate has clearly explained, in detail, the relationship between participants and/or audiences and why they changed and/or the influence(s) it had on the chosen dance genre or style. The evidence included clearly supports the response.             |
|       |                | Clear and detailed explanations of Bojangles and his influence on Tap were given. The relationship/link between Bojangles and his paving the way for more black performers during an era of racial discrimination was established.                              |
|       |                | For Excellence, it is necessary to provide further evidence/examples of the social and cultural norms, to show a perceptive understanding.  |