Assessment Schedule – 2021

Music: Demonstrate aural understanding through written representation (91275)

Assessment Criteria

| Achievement | Achievement with Merit | Achievement with Excellence |
|---|--|--|
| Demonstrating aural understanding through written representation involves: | Demonstrating in-depth aural understanding through written representation involves: | Demonstrating comprehensive aural understanding through written representation involves: |
| identifying individual chords | identifying chord progressions (pairs of adjacent chords) | identifying chord phrases so that the original music is convincingly reproduced |
| notating melody, identifying rhythmic patterns and melodic contours | notating rhythmic and melodic phrases so that the intent of the original music is communicated | notating rhythmic and melodic phrases so that the original music is convincingly reproduced |
| identifying musical elements and features. | describing the use of musical elements and features so that: | explaining the use of musical elements and features so that: |
| | through notation, the intent of the original music is communicated | through notation, the intent of the original music is convincingly reproduced |
| | in a written response, understanding of the characteristics of those features is demonstrated. | in a written response, understanding of the effect or relevance of those features is demonstrated. |

Guidelines for applying the Assessment Schedule

"Top-down" marking

With some exceptions, rather than specifying that a particular task offers an opportunity for the candidate to meet the standard at Achievement level only, or Merit level only, the tasks in the examination are designed to allow the candidate to meet the standard at any level of Achievement. Each response should therefore be marked from "top down" – that is, evidence for meeting the standard at Excellence should first be sought, then, if necessary, evidence for Merit, and then evidence for Achievement.

Qualitative Assessment

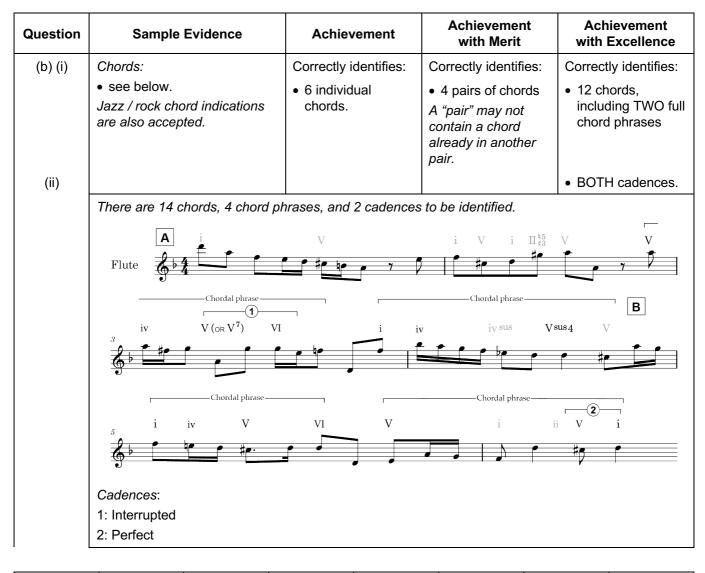
In the Evidence Statements, the steps up from Achievement \rightarrow Merit \rightarrow Excellence are intended to be qualitative, rather than quantitative – that is, rather than a higher grade requiring "more of the same" type of evidence as the grade(s) below, it should require demonstration of appreciably greater skill, as specified in the Assessment Criteria.

Cut Scores

| Not Achieved | Achievement | Achievement with Merit | Achievement with Excellence |
|--------------|-------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 0 - 8 | 9 – 13 | 14 – 18 | 19 – 24 |

Evidence

| Question | Achievement | Achievement with Merit | Achievement with Excellence | | |
|---------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| ONE | Indicates: | Indicates: | Indicates: | | |
| (a) (i), (ii) | The instrument heard: | The instrument heard: | The instrument heard: | | |
| | violin OR harpsichord / keyboard | violin and harpsichord / keyboard | violin and harpsichord / keyboard | | |
| | AND | AND | AND | | |
| | TWO of: | TWO of: | ALL THREE of: | | |
| | • a metronome marking in the range J. = 90–120 <i>OR</i> a valid English tempo indication to describe it (e.g. lively, fast) | a metronome marking close to J. = 100 OR an appropriate Italian tempo indication to describe it (e.g. <i>vivace, allegro</i>) | the correct time signature (¹/₈) AND matching barlines | | |
| | • a valid time signature (\S or ${}^{1\!2}_S$) | a valid time signature (§ or §) AND matching barlines, with allowance for ONE error. | • a (molto) <i>ritardando l rallentando</i> in bar 10 | | |
| | a slower tempo in bars 10–11. | a ritardando / rallentando within bars 10–11. | a fermata on the final note (or first note of tie). | | |
| (iii), (iv) | Indicates ONE of: | Indicates THREE of: | Indicates ONE of: | | |
| | a change in the way the notes are played in bars 1–5. | all slurs marked accurately in TWO bars (within bars 1–5) | • ALL slurs marked accurately in bars 1–5 (with allowance | | |
| | | staccato markings on two | for TWO errors) | | |
| | | beats of bar 2 | ALL staccato markings in bar 2 | | |
| | | | AND TWO of: | | |
| | TWO changes of dynamic | a louder dynamic in bar 6 | • f (subito) last beat of bar 5 / | | |
| | (louder / softer, as appropriate) in any of bars 6, 7, or 9. | a softer dynamic in bar 7 a <i>crescendo</i> (word or hairpin) within bars 9–10. | beginning of bar 6 <i>p</i> (subito) at the last beat of bar 6 / beginning of bar 7 | | |
| | | within bars 9–10. | a crescendo (word or hairpin) within bars 9–10 terminating | | |
| | | | in <i>f</i> | | |
| | | | Allow a difference in dynamics of one degree above or below. | | |
| | Violin Wiolin mf | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | cresc. | ₽₽ [₽] ₽₽₽ | | |
| | molto rall | | | | |



| N1 | N2 | A3 | A4 | M5 | M6 | E7 | E8 |
|---|---|--|--|---|---|---|---|
| A partial opportunity (of three) at any level. | ONE opportunity (of three) at any level. | TWO (of three) Achievement opportunities. | THREE (of three) Achievement opportunities. | TWO (of three) Merit opportunities. | THREE (of three) Merit opportunities. | TWO (of three) Excellence opportunities. | THREE (of three) Excellence opportunities. |

NØ = No response; no relevant evidence.

| Question | Sample Evidence | Achievement | Achievement with Merit | Achievement with Excellence |
|------------|---|---|---|--|
| TWO (a) | Verse (1) The melody is the same as the other verses; the last note is unresolved, suggesting it is leading into another verse. There are few instruments simply played, including keys, and glock, with winds introduced later. The simplicity of the song is a soft lead-in to the piece. Verse (2) The melody starts the same, but it finishes on a much lower note. It is performed differently, as the notes are cut shorter, which adds a feeling of uncertainty. The tempo stays the same but includes <i>rit.</i> / <i>rall.</i>, a tempo, pauses, and finishes at a slower tempo. This makes the final line "I'm not that girl" feel resolved and concluded. The harp, strings, and glock play as in verse (1) but in a higher tessitura. The oboe adds countermelody. The bass comes in part-way through. Instruments are tacet at times, making the music feel less certain and questioning. Other responses possible. | Identifies at least ONE similarity OR difference between verses. | Compares at least ONE similarity OR difference between each verse. <i>AND</i> Describes the characteristics of ONE difference, including <u>underlined</u> -type evidence. | Compares similarities OR differences between each verse. AND Explains the effect these have on the music, including bold -type evidence. |

| Question | Sample Evidence | Achievement | Achievement with Merit | Achievement with Excellence |
|------------|---|--|--|---|
| TWO (b) | The two voices interact as follows: Voice 1 sings a phrase. Voice 2 echoes. Both voices sing in unison. Voice 1 sings another phrase. Voice 2 echoes part of the phrase, but higher. Both voices sing in unison with harmony on the last note. Both voices sing together conversationally / antiphonally / answering each other. Then, in a (short) phrase homophonically / in harmony. Both voices sing in unison, ending in harmony. Other responses possible. | Identifies TWO vocal interactions. | Describes / outlines the interaction between the voices. | Explains how the voices interact throughout the extract, including bold -type evidence. |

| Question | Sample Evidence | Achievement | Achievement with Merit | Achievement with Excellence |
|------------|--|---|--|---|
| TWO (c) | <i>Timbre</i> The music is fully orchestral, <u>opening</u> <u>boldy with homophonic brass and</u> <u>strings</u>, which gives a sense of grandeur or celebration. The timbre changes often / different timbres are featured: Xylophone solo over heavy bassline / pedal note creates a sense of agitation / excitement. Brass and strings melody with bells / percussion, and brass rising in unison to build toward the announcement of "good news". | Identifies a characteristic of ONE musical element / feature. | Describes characteristics of ONE musical element / feature, including <u>underlined</u> -type evidence. | Explains the effect that the characteristics of ONE musical element / feature have on the music, including bold -type evidence. |
| | <i>Tempo</i> The initial tempo is moderate. <u>The changing time signature</u> invokes drama and uncertainty of what is to come. The tempo becomes faster, <u>but suddenly stops and pauses</u> giving a sense of anticipation. The tempo slows and speeds up again toward the end, building towards the climax of the lyrics. | Identifies a characteristic of ONE OTHER musical element / feature. | Describes characteristics of ONE OTHER musical element / feature, including <u>underlined</u> -type evidence. | Explains the effect that the characteristics of ONE OTHER musical element / feature have on the music, including bold - type evidence. |
| | Harmony The harmony begins with harsh / minor chords, which sets the scene for something dramatic. <u>A more concordant section begins</u>, which hints that something good has happened. <u>Repetitive dissonant chords are used</u>, giving a sense of impending drama before the lyrics begin. | | | |

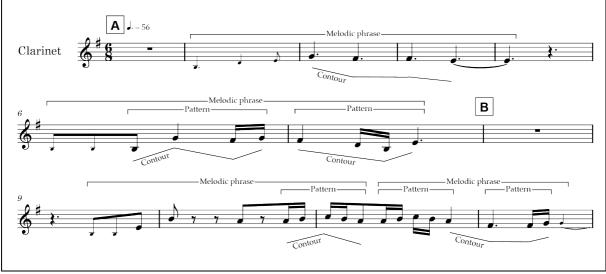
| N1 | N2 | A3 | A4 | M5 | M6 | E7 | E8 |
|--|--|--|---|--|--|---|--|
| Partial opportunity (of four) at any level. | ONE opportunity (of four) at any level. | TWO (of four) Achievement opportunities. | THREE (of four) Achievement opportunities. | TWO (of four) Merit opportunities. | THREE (of four) Merit opportunities. | TWO (of four) Excellence opportunities. | THREE (of four) Excellence opportunities. |

N0 = No response; no relevant evidence.

| Question | Sample Evidence | Achievement | Achievement with Merit | Achievement with Excellence |
|----------|--|--|---|---|
| THREE | Chords: | Correctly identifies: | Correctly identifies: | Correctly identifies: |
| (a) (i) | • see below. | • 6 individual chords | • 3 pairs of chords A "pair" may not contain a chord already in another pair. | 10 chords, including TWO full chord phrases |
| (ii) | | | | the cadence. |
| | There are 12 chords, 4 chord pl | hrases (one per line of l | yrics), and 1 cadence to | o be identified. |
| | F | B♭ E♭ | P E♭/D | Cm |
| | We simply float | into the ocean; | All must surrender | when they're there |
| | F | Bþ | E♭/D | Cm F7 |
| | There is no fear B Chorus: | in this surrender; | Only love awaits yo | u here |
| | B [♭] E [♭] | | C7 | . 1. |
| | Love, Love is a | blue wave rising; | Love is your soul ur | iwinding |
| | | B ^b E ^b hair upon my chest; | Deve is the jo | by of this happiness; |
| | Cadence: Plagal | | | |

| Question | Sample Evidence | Achievement | Achievement with Merit | Achievement with Excellence |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| THREE (b) | <i>Transcription:</i> • see below. | Identifies any FOUR (of 10) melodic contours and / or rhythmic patterns. | Transcribes TWO melodic phrases with allowance for TWO errors in each. | Transcribes: ONE melodic phrase exactly AND TWO other melodic phrases with allowance for FOUR errors overall. |

There are 4 melodic phrases (comprising 5 melodic contours, and 5 rhythmic patterns) to be transcribed.



| Question | Sample Evidence | Achievement | Achievement with Merit | Achievement with Excellence |
|--------------------------|---|--|---------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Question THREE (C) | <i>Typical features:</i> Straight ⁴/₄ rhythm, <u>with a repetitive</u> <u>drumbeat</u>, enhanced using the bass. Standard instruments are used, <u>such as</u> <u>voice</u>, drum, guitar, and bass guitar, with backing vocals in thirds. Simple and repetitive melody, <u>in a narrow</u> <u>range</u>, and using hooks e.g., "slice of <u>heaven</u>", which are easy to remember. Repeated (three-chord) pattern, and a <u>chord change for the bridge</u>, G, C, F¹ (b7), C / I, IV, bVII, IV. Typical pop form: <u>intro</u>, verse, prechorus, <u>chorus</u>, and returning to intro after <u>chorus</u>. The straight rhythms, standard instruments, and simple, repeated melody, chords and form are all expected features of pop music which make it easy to anticipate, and easy to listen to. Atypical features: Drums enter later and <u>are more offbeat /</u> <u>in an unusual pattern due to the first beat</u> <u>of the bar often being omitted</u>, which gives a sense of anticipation. Instrumentation opens with unison chorus vocals. <u>The harmony is sung with multiple</u> <u>voices</u>, and the addition of synth sounds, which is an unusual mix of timbre. The melody is more repetitive than expected. <u>The verse only has one</u> <u>melodic phrase</u>, with the intro and verse <u>being almost identical</u>. The harmony includes unusual chords, with an unexpected key change in the <u>prechorus</u>, and use of flat-7 chord / modal in effect, which adds harmonic interest / gives a 'folk' sound. While the extract has many typical | Achievement Identifies THREE features, with at least ONE typical and ONE atypical of the genre. | | |
| | features of the pop genre, the unusual drum-beats, added instrumentation, and unexpected chords / key change deviate from the norms of the genre, and from what the listener might expect. This adds interest for the listener. Other responses possible. | | | |

| N1 | N2 | A3 | A4 | M5 | M6 | E7 | E8 |
|---|---|--|--|---|---|---|---|
| A partial opportunity (of three) at any level. | ONE opportunity (of three) at any level. | TWO (of three) Achievement opportunities. | THREE (of three) Achievement opportunities. | TWO (of three) Merit opportunities. | THREE (of three) Merit opportunities. | TWO (of three) Excellence opportunities. | THREE (of three) Excellence opportunities. |