

Title	Demonstrate knowledge of a native bird and its significance to Māori		
Level	1	Credits	4

Purpose	<p>People credited with this unit standard are able to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - explain the importance of one native bird to Māori in a local context; - explain the characteristics that help the native bird to survive in its environment; and - explain the environmental relationships that the native bird develops within its own habitat.
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Classification	Environment Māori > Māori Environmental Practices
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Available grade	Achieved
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Guidance Information

- 1 Where local rohe are also occupied by whānau, hapū, and/or iwi, the tangata whenua or mana whenua view should take precedence. Other iwi or hapū views should be encouraged in order to enrich and enhance understanding of key Māori concepts and practices.
- 2 Assessment against this unit standard can be conducted in a number of ways that may include but is not limited to – oral presentations, visual presentations, written presentations, whakaari, waiata, haka.
- 3 *Native bird* may include but are not limited to – hoiho, kāhu, kākā, kākāpō, kākārīki, kāruhiruhi, kawau, kiwi, kererū, kōkako, kōtare, kōtuku, kuaka, mātīrakahu, moeriki, mohopererū, paka, pāpera, pārekareka, piopio, pūkeko, riroriro, tauhou, tīeke, tīrairaka, tītī, toroa, toutouwai, tūtī, weka.
- 4 Definitions
Tikanga Māori in relation to this unit standard refers to the practices and processes associated with native birds to Māori in a local context.
Whakapapa refers to genealogical history and other oral accounts of a native bird.

Outcomes and performance criteria

Outcome 1

Explain the importance of one native bird to Māori in a local context.

Performance criteria

- 1.1 The whakapapa of the native bird is explained.

1.2 The significance to tikanga Māori associated with the native bird is explained.

1.3 The importance of the native bird to local Māori is described.

Outcome 2

Explain the characteristics that help the native bird to survive in its environment.

Performance criteria

2.1 The environment of the native bird is described in terms of its physical characteristics.

2.2 The behavioural characteristics of the native bird are described in terms of those that enable it to survive in its environment.

2.3 The feeding characteristics of the native bird are described in terms of those that enable it to survive in its environment.

2.4 The territorial characteristics of the native bird are described in terms of those that enable it to survive in its environment.

Outcome 3

Explain the environmental relationships that the native bird develops within its own habitat.

Performance criteria

3.1 The position of the native bird in the food chain of other non-marine species is described.

3.2 One significant relationship that the native bird has developed with another non-marine animal or plant species in their environment is described.

3.3 The nature of the selected relationship is described in terms of how this relationship contributes to the survival of the native bird.

Planned review date	31 December 2025
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Status information and last date for assessment for superseded versions

Process	Version	Date	Last Date for Assessment
Registration	1	28 June 1999	31 December 2015
Review	2	22 October 2002	31 December 2015
Rollover and Revision	3	12 December 2013	31 December 2016
Review	4	19 November 2015	31 December 2022
Rollover and Revision	5	23 May 2019	31 December 2022
Review	6	25 March 2021	N/A

Consent and Moderation Requirements (CMR) reference

0226

This CMR can be accessed at <http://www.nzqa.govt.nz/framework/search/index.do>.

Comments on this unit standard

Please contact the NZQA Māori Qualifications Services mqs@nzqa.govt.nz if you wish to suggest changes to the content of this unit standard.