

<b>Title</b>	<b>Carry out pre-harvest inventory to obtain information for planning forest harvesting operations</b>		
<b>Level</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>Credits</b>	<b>10</b>

<b>Purpose</b>	People credited with this unit standard are able to: explain the purpose of establishing sample plots for data collection and describe sampling methods; plan a pre-harvest inventory and collect data using sample plots; and process plot data and produce reports.
----------------	---

<b>Classification</b>	Forestry > Forest Mensuration
-----------------------	-------------------------------

<b>Available grade</b>	Achieved
------------------------	----------

---

### Guidance Information

- 1 Legislation relevant to this unit standard includes Resource Management Act 1991 (RMA), Conservation Act 1987, Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act 2014, and their subsequent amendments.
- 2 Definition  
*Accepted industry practice* – approved codes of practice and standardised procedures accepted by the wider forestry industry as examples of best practice.

---

### Outcomes and performance criteria

#### Outcome 1

Explain the purpose of establishing sample plots for data collection and describe sampling methods used in accordance with accepted industry practice.

#### Performance criteria

- 1.1 Reason for sampling as opposed to 100% measurement is explained.  
 Range cost, time, practicality for management decisions.
- 1.2 Types of inventory undertaken in forest management are described; the particular features of pre-harvest inventory are listed.  
 Range pre-assessment, quality control, mid rotation, pre-harvest.

- 1.3 Plot configurations are described and compared.
- Range circular, square/diamond, transect, bounded and unbounded, horizontal line, single stem plots.
- 1.4 Methods of sampling are described.
- Range random, systematic, cluster, double, stratified sampling.
- 1.5 Sources of inaccuracy and imprecision in inventories are described.
- Range plot shape, plot size, sampling method, sampling intensity, bias.
- 1.6 Statistical terminology used to describe the accuracy and precision of estimates is explained.
- Range variance, mean, range, total, standard deviation, standard error, probable limits of error.
- 1.7 Types of growth models are explained in relation to pre-harvest inventory.
- Range stand based, single tree.
- 1.8 Maps are interpreted prior to fieldwork.
- Range scale, bearings, scale distances.

## Outcome 2

Plan a pre-harvest inventory and collect data using sample plots.

### Performance criteria

- 2.1 An inventory plan is prepared in accordance with accepted industry practice.
- Range definition of objectives, critical data, level of accuracy and precision, equipment, manpower, maps, plot sheets, assessment techniques, data processing requirements, reporting requirements, quality assurance.
- 2.2 Planning determines the number of plots and their shape, size, location and measurements necessary to achieve inventory purpose.
- Range bounded and unbounded plots, sample size, population/stratum boundaries.
- 2.3 Plot locations are planned on maps or aerial photographs and located on the ground without bias.
- Range stand gaps, edge plots, plot demarcation.

- 2.4 Stem architecture is described in relation to quality assessment in accordance with accepted industry practice.

Range annual shoots, branch clusters, internode characteristics, multiple leaders, diameter reductions, broken tops, abnormal taper.

- 2.5 Stem assessment parameters are derived in relation to log product specifications in accordance with accepted industry practice.

Range branch size classes, branch angle, sweep, visual defects, out of round.

- 2.6 Plot measurements are undertaken to the required standard without bias.

Range stem structure, shape, size, branching, defects.

### Outcome 3

Process plot data and product reports.

#### Performance criteria

- 3.1 Function set required for analysis is determined, in accordance with accepted industry practice.

Range volume and taper, height/diameter relationship, stem breakage, height and basal area growth, branch size, wood density.

- 3.2 Cutting strategy is determined to achieve log product requirements.

- 3.3 Data is introduced to the system, in accordance with accepted industry practice.

Range manual entry, field computer import.

- 3.4 Reports are produced and interpreted, in accordance with accepted industry practice.

Range precision statements, per stem and per hectare parameters.

- 3.5 Re-analysis of inventory is undertaken, in accordance with accepted industry practice.

Range sensitivity analysis, changing cutting strategies, post stratification.

- 3.6 Storage and transfer of yield information is described, in accordance with accepted industry practice.

Range Geographical Information System (GIS), spreadsheet, database.

<b>Planned review date</b>	31 December 2028
----------------------------	------------------

**Status information and last date for assessment for superseded versions**

Process	Version	Date	Last Date for Assessment
Registration	1	23 November 2003	31 December 2017
Review	2	10 December 2015	N/A
Rollover and Revision	3	28 May 2020	N/A
Rollover	4	26 April 2024	N/A

<b>Consent and Moderation Requirements (CMR) reference</b>	0173
--	------

This CMR can be accessed at <http://www.nzqa.govt.nz/framework/search/index.do>.

**Comments on this unit standard**

Please contact Muka Tangata - People, Food and Fibre Workforce Development Council [qualifications@mukatangata.nz](mailto:qualifications@mukatangata.nz) if you wish to suggest changes to the content of this unit standard.