Title | Weld steel structures in the downhand positions using the gas shielded flux cored arc welding process
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Level | 3
Credits | 4

Purpose
This unit standard is for people welding steel structures in the downhand positions to AS/NZS 2980, or equivalent, using the gas shielded flux cored arc welding (FCAWgs) processes.

People credited with this unit standard are able to prepare to weld, and weld steel to structural industry standard using the FCAWgs process in the downhand positions, and inspect and repair FCAWgs steel welds.

Classification | Mechanical Engineering > Welding

Available grade | Achieved

Prerequisites
Unit 29651, *Demonstrate knowledge of health and safety when welding and thermal cutting*, or demonstrate equivalent knowledge and skills.

Guidance Information
1 References
Health and Safety at Work Act 2015.
AS/NZS 2980:2007, *Qualification of welders for fusion welding of steels*.

2 Definitions
*Accepted industry practice* – approved codes of practice and standardised procedures accepted by the wider mechanical engineering industry sectors as examples of best practice.
*Steel* – weldable low-carbon unalloyed (carbon-manganese) steel, also referred to as *mild steel*.
*Welding procedure* – written work instruction providing all the necessary technical details for a specific welding application.

3 Related unit standards
This unit standard is one of a flux cored metal arc welding set:
Unit 30282, *Weld steel structures in the downhand positions using the gas shielded flux cored arc welding process* (Level 3); a structural welding standard for steel
fabricators who weld downhand to a certified structural standard.
Unit 30277, *Weld steel structures in all positions using the gas shielded flux cored arc welding processes* (Level 4); a structural welding standard for steel fabricators who weld in all positions to a certified structural standard.
Unit 30275, *Weld steel structures in all positions using the self shielded flux cored arc welding processes* (Level 4); a structural welding standard for steel fabricators who weld in all positions to a certified structural standard.

### Outcomes and performance criteria

**Outcome 1**

Prepare to weld steel in the downhand positions using the FCAWgs process.

**Performance criteria**

1.1 Equipment is selected to meet welding procedure requirements.
   Range power source rating and duty cycle, wire feed system and gun, shielding gas supply, welding cables, work clamp.

1.2 Equipment is assembled and maintained ready for use in accordance with manufacturer’s instructions.
   Range wire feed system; gun liner, nozzle and contact tip; shielding gas supply; welding cables; work clamp.

1.3 Steel is prepared and assembled in accordance with welding procedure.
   Range cleaning, providing root face where required, tack welding to correct alignment and preset.

1.4 Consumables are selected in accordance with welding procedure.
   Range consumables are identified by specification and classification; shielding gases are identified by brand name and composition.

**Outcome 2**

Weld steel in the downhand positions using the FCAWgs processes to structural industry standard.

Range material thickness – 8 to 16 mm;
positions – 1F, 2F, 1G.

**Performance criteria**

2.1 Workplace safety procedures are followed.
   Range examples are – use of personal protective equipment, checking of equipment for faults, use of fume extraction equipment, elimination of risk of fire or explosion, protection from arc radiation.
2.2 Consumables are handled in accordance with manufacturer's specifications.

2.3 Welds are deposited on steel to industry standard and in accordance with FCAWgs welding procedure.

2.4 Damage to structural components is minimised and distortion is controlled during welding and handling in accordance with accepted industry practice.

2.5 Welds are cleaned in accordance with accepted industry practice.

**Outcome 3**

Inspect and repair FCAWgs steel welds.

**Performance criteria**

3.1 Weld imperfections are identified by visual examination and workshop tests.

| Range examples of workshop tests are – nick break, fillet break-over, bend, macro examination; evidence of two tests is required. |

3.2 Weld imperfections are compared to the permissible levels allowed by the industry standard.

3.3 A weld defect is repaired to industry standard.

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**Replacement information**

| Replacement information | This unit standard and unit standard 30283 replaced unit standard 2673. |

**Planned review date**

| Planned review date | 31 December 2022 |

**Status information and last date for assessment for superseded versions**

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**Consent and Moderation Requirements (CMR) reference**

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**Comments on this unit standard**

Please contact Competenz qualifications@competenz.org.nz if you wish to suggest changes to the content of this unit standard.