

<b>Title</b>	<b>Demonstrate knowledge of electrical systems in a wind turbine</b>		
<b>Level</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>Credits</b>	<b>5</b>

<b>Purpose</b>	People who achieve this unit standard will be able to demonstrate knowledge of electrical systems in a wind turbine.
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<b>Classification</b>	Electricity Supply > Electricity Supply - Power System Maintenance
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<b>Available grade</b>	Achieved
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### Guidance Information

- Evidence presented for assessment against this unit standard must be consistent with safe working practices and be in accordance with applicable legislative and industry requirements.
- Legislation, regulations and/or industry standards relevant to this unit standard include but are not limited to the current version of the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015; Electricity Act 1992; Electricity (Safety) Regulations 2010; and any subsequent amendments and replacements; Electricity supply industry codes of practice and documented enterprise procedures, including *Safety Manual – Electricity Industry* (2015) available from [www.eea.co.nz](http://www.eea.co.nz).
- Definitions  
*Asset owner* refers to a participant who owns or operates assets used for generating or conveying electricity.  
*Industry requirements* include all asset owner requirements; manufacturers' specifications; and enterprise requirements which cover the documented workplace policies, procedures, specifications, business, and quality management requirements relevant to the workplace in which assessment is carried out.

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### Outcomes and performance criteria

#### Outcome 1

Demonstrate knowledge of electrical systems in a wind turbine.

#### Performance criteria

- 1.1 The basic principles of electricity are explained in terms of electrons, conductors, and insulators.

- 1.2 Generators used in a wind farm are described in terms of their basic principles and function.
- Range includes – rotor, stator, induction, reactance, phase, power factor, slip rings, brushes.
- 1.3 Transformers used in a wind farm are described in terms of their basic principles and function.
- Range includes – voltage transformers, current transformers, isolating transformers, rectifiers.
- 1.4 Sensors used in a wind farm are described in terms of their different types and functions.
- Range includes – wind speed and direction sensors, temperature sensors, rotational speed sensors, yaw and cable twist sensors, vibration sensors.
- 1.5 Converters used in a wind farm are described in terms of their different types and functions.
- Range includes – AC to DC, DC to AC, frequency control, power factor correction, phase balancing, filtering.
- 1.6 Filters used in a wind farm are described in terms of their different types and functions.
- Range includes – reactors, capacitors, harmonic frequency.
- 1.7 Switching and protection systems used in a wind farm are described in terms of their different types and functions.
- Range includes – single or 3-phase switches, relays, contactors, fuses, circuit breakers, residual current devices, uninterruptible power supply.
- 1.8 An electrical diagram of a wind turbine is interpreted, and its components are identified.

<b>Planned review date</b>	31 December 2026
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**Status information and last date for assessment for superseded versions**

Process	Version	Date	Last Date for Assessment
Registration	1	29 April 2021	N/A

<b>Consent and Moderation Requirements (CMR) reference</b>	0120
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This CMR can be accessed at <http://www.nzqa.govt.nz/framework/search/index.do>.

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**Comments on this unit standard**

Please contact Connexis - Infrastructure Industry Training Organisation at [qualifications@connexis.org.nz](mailto:qualifications@connexis.org.nz) if you wish to suggest changes to the content of this unit standard.